

# Mouse PLA2G7 ELISA Kit

(Catalog Number: 32C050)

For the quantitative determination of mouse PLA2G7 concentrations in serum, plasma or cell culture supernate samples

## **IMD (Hong Kong)**

Address: Unit 513, 5/F, Biotech Centre 2, No. 11 Science Park West Avenue,  
Hong Kong Science Park, Sha Tin, Hong Kong

Website: [www.immunodiagnostics.com.hk](http://www.immunodiagnostics.com.hk)

Email: [info@immunodiagnostics.com.hk](mailto:info@immunodiagnostics.com.hk)

Tel: (+852) 3502 2780

## **IMD (Canada)**

Address: 3330 Bayview Avenue, Block #6, Toronto, M2M 3R8, Ontario, Canada

Email: [info@immunodiagnostics.ca](mailto:info@immunodiagnostics.ca)

Tel: +1-437-886-5136

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Contents	Page
INTRODUCTION	1
PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY	1
INTENDED USE	1
REAGENTS SUPPLIED	1
OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED	1
STORAGE	2
PREPARATION OF REAGENTS	2
PREPARATION OF STANDARDS AND SAMPLES	2
ASSAY PROCEDURE	3
CALCULATION	3
TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE	4
ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS	4
REFERENCES	5
SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE	5

## **INTRODUCTION**

PLA2G7, also known as lipoprotein-associated phospholipase A2 (Lp-PLA2), is a secreted, calcium-independent enzyme involved in phospholipid metabolism and inflammatory regulation. It hydrolyzes the sn-2 ester bond of phospholipids and inactivates platelet-activating factor (PAF), a potent mediator of inflammation<sup>1</sup>. Beyond PAF degradation, PLA2G7 also targets oxidatively modified phospholipids within LDL and HDL particles, helping prevent the accumulation of pro-inflammatory lipids during oxidative stress. Genetic defects in PLA2G7 can lead to platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase deficiency, contributing to heightened inflammatory responses and related clinical conditions<sup>2</sup>.

## **PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY**

This assay is a quantitative sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). The microtiter plate is pre-coated with a polyclonal antibody specific for mouse PLA2G7. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any mouse TFF2 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotin labelled polyclonal antibody specific for mouse PLA2G7 is added to the wells. After wash step to remove any unbound reagents, streptavidin-horseradish peroxidase conjugate (STP-HRP) is added. After the last wash step, an HRP substrate solution is added and color develops in proportion to the amount of mouse PLA2G7 bound initially. The assay is stopped, and the optical density of the wells is determined using a microplate reader. Since the increases in absorbance are directly proportional to the amount of captured mouse PLA2G7, the unknown sample concentration can be interpolated from a reference curve included in each assay.

## **INTENDED USE**

This Mouse PLA2G7 ELISA kit is designed for quantification of mouse PLA2G7 in serum, plasma and cell culture supernate samples.

## **REAGENTS SUPPLIED**

*Each kit is sufficient for one 96-well plate and contains the following components:*

1. Microtiter Strips (96 wells), coated with a polyclonal antibody against mouse PLA2G7, sealed
2. 10×Wash buffer, 50 mL
3. 5×Assay buffer, 30 mL
4. 100×Detection antibody solution, a biotin labelled polyclonal antibody against mouse PLA2G7, 0.12 mL
5. Mouse PLA2G7 standard, 1000 pg of recombinant mouse PLA2G7, lyophilized
6. 200×STP-HRP solution, 0.06 mL
7. Substrate solution, 12 mL, ready for use
8. Stop solution, 12 mL, ready for use

## **OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED**

1. Pipettes and pipette tips

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*Tel:* +852 3502 2780 (HK) / +1-437-886-5136 (Canada)

2. 96-well plate or manual strip washer
3. Buffer and reagent reservoirs
4. Paper towels or absorbent paper
5. Plate reader capable of reading absorbency at 450 nm
6. Distilled water or deionized water

## STORAGE

The kit should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt, and all reagents should be equilibrated to room temperature before use. Remove any unused antibody-coated strips from the mouse PLA2G7 microtiter plate, return them to the foil pouch and re-seal. Once opened, the strips may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

## PREPARATION OF REAGENTS

*Bring all reagents and materials to room temperature before assay.*

### A. 1×Assay buffer

Prepare 1×Assay buffer by mixing the 5×Assay buffer (30 mL) with 120 mL of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 5×Assay buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. The 1×Assay buffer may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

### B. 1×Wash buffer

Prepare 1×Wash buffer by mixing the 10×Wash buffer (50 mL) with 450 mL of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 10×Wash buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. The 1×Wash buffer may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

### C. 1×Detection antibody solution

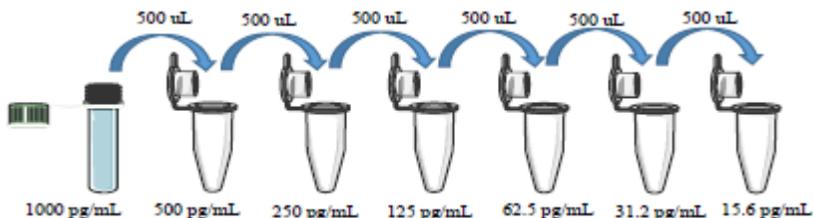
Spin down the 100×Detection antibody solution briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:100 with 1×Assay buffer, 100 µL of the 1×Detection antibody solution is required per well. Prepare only as much 1×Detection antibody solution as needed. Return the 100×Detection antibody solution to 2-8°C immediately after the necessary volume is removed.

### D. 1×STP-HRP solution

Spin down the 200×STP-HRP solution briefly and dilute the desired amount of the 200×STP-HRP solution 1:200 with 1×Assay buffer, 100 µL of the 1×STP-HRP solution is required per well. Prepare only as much 1×STP-HRP solution as needed. Return the 200×STP-HRP solution to 2-8°C immediately after the necessary volume is removed.

## PREPARATION OF STANDARDS AND SAMPLES

**Mouse PLA2G7 Standards:** Reconstitute the lyophilized standard with 1 mL of 1×Assay buffer to generate a standard stock solution of 1000 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 500 µL of 1×Assay buffer to 500, 250, 125, 62.5, 31.2, 1.56 pg/mL tubes. Use the standard stock solution to produce a serial dilution as shown below.



1×Assay buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL). The reconstituted standard stock should be aliquoted and stored at -80°C for up to one month. Avoid repeating freezing/thawing cycles. Please do not store the diluted standard solutions.

### Sample Preparation:

Serum or plasma sample generally requires a **2000-fold** dilution in the 1×Assay buffer. It is recommended that the users establish their own dilution factors based on the concentration range of their samples.

### ASSAY PROCEDURE

*It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.*

1. Add 100 µL of standard or sample per well, incubate at room temperature for 2 hours.
2. Discard the content and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual solution in each well. Add 300 µL of 1×Wash buffer to each well and incubate for 1 minute. Discard the 1×Wash buffer and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual wash buffer. Repeat the wash step for a total 3 washes.
3. Add 100 µL of 1×Detection antibody solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
4. Wash each well 3 times as in step 2.
5. Add 100 µL of 1×STP-HRP solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes.
6. Wash each well 5 times as described in step 2.
7. Add 100 µL of Substrate solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. **Protect from light.**
8. Add 100 µL of Stop solution to each well, gently tap the plate frame for a few seconds to ensure thorough mixing.
9. Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm immediately.

### CALCULATION

1. Subtract the absorbance of the blank from that of standards and samples.
2. Generate a standard curve by plotting the absorbance obtained (y-axis) against mouse PLA2G7 concentrations (x-axis). The best fit line can be generated with any curve-fitting software by regression analysis. Any curve of 4-parameter or log-log curve fitting can be used for calculation.
3. Determine mouse PLA2G7 concentration of samples from standard curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

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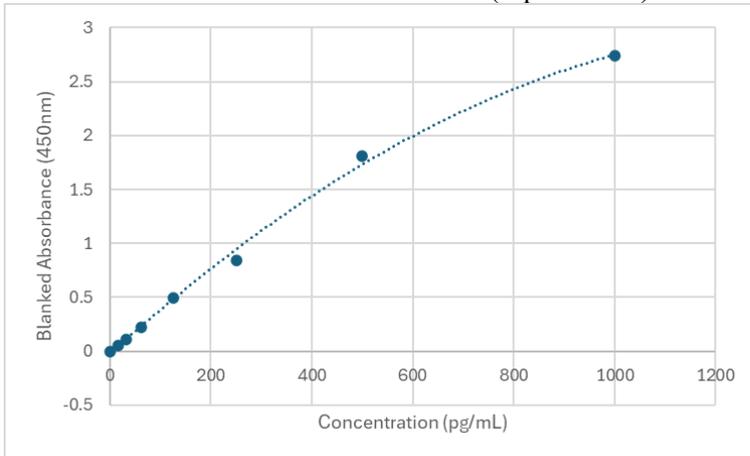
E-mail: [info@immunodiagnostics.com.hk](mailto:info@immunodiagnostics.com.hk)(HK) /[info@immunodiagnostics.ca](mailto:info@immunodiagnostics.ca)(Canada) 3  
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## TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

The following standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of sample assay.

Mouse PLA2G7 (pg/mL)	Absorbance (450 nm)	Blanked Absorbance
0	0.101	0
15.6	0.154	0.053
31.2	0.210	0.109
62.5	0.324	0.223
125	0.597	0.496
250	0.940	0.839
500	1.910	1.809
1000	2.837	2.736

Mouse PLA2G7 standard curve (4-parameter)



## ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

### A. Sensitivity

The lowest level of mouse PLA2G7 that can be detected by this assay is 15.6 pg/mL.

### B. Precision

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay) C.V. <8%.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays) C.V. <10%.

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2. Stafforini & Zimmerman (2014) Journal of Lipid Research, Sep;55(9):1811-4.

**SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE**

